## 2 - MATHS I

## Greater than, Less than, Equal to

Children let's learn new concept today. We have already learned the concept of after, before and between which indicates that some numbers are bigger than the other. That means every number has some value which can be less or more. For example if I write number 5 that indicates number 5 has a value which can be the value of an object or a thing, may be 5 pencils or 5 erasers etc.

Now let's do an activity. Count the vegetables and fruits given below separately and write their numbers.


After counting both we came to know that fruits are 12 and vegetables are 9 in number. So, the value of 12 is more or greater than 9 or the value of 9 is less than 12 . Hence, we can say that fruits are more than vegetables.

Children click the following link for further understanding.
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tFNoEHnxPvM
So, you see that when we compare the numbers, we use some signs which are

## Greater than >

Less than <
Equal to =
Consider the following examples:
If we compare two numbers 45 and 68,68 is greater than 45
So we will write $68>45$
Similarly 190 < 250 i.e 190 is less than 250
$234=234$ i.e both the numbers have same value.
Now click the following link to recapitulate what we have learnt.
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ka9zbPcqXBI

